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From Thursday September 13. to Saturday September 15. 1711.

Genoa, Sept. 3. *N. S.*

ON Sunday laſt, two Britiſh Men of War ſailed from hence, with ſeveral Veſſels under their Convoy, for Barcelona. Four Gallies, belonging to this State, that have been cruiſing for ſome time on theſe Coaſts for the Security of our Trade, are return'd into Port, but are preparing to ſail in a ſhort time to Corſica. We have receiv'd Advice from Marſeilles, importing, that an Ordinance has been publiſh'd there, requiring an Obſervance of the Regulation made in the Year 1704, relating to the taking of Neutral Ships; by which Ordinance, the Owners of ſuch French Privateers as ſhall act contrary to it, are oblig'd to make good all the Damages any Neutral Ships ſhall ſuſtain by their means. We have Letters of the ſixteenth of Auguſt, from Barcelona, adviſing, that Signior Spinola, the Pope's Nuncio, was conducted the Day before to a publick Audience, to which he was attended by a numerous Train, and a ſplendid Equipage. The Day theſe Letters were dated, the Court received Advice, by an Expreſs from Mareſchal Staremberg, that the Confederate Army having been form'd near Igualada, was advanc'd within three Leagues of the Enemy, who were encamp'd in three Lines between Cervera and Tranaxel; ſo that they ſpeedily expected to hear of an Action. Signior Niolas Durazzo is making the neceſſary Diſpoſitions for his Departure from hence to the French Court, whither he is appointed to repair as Miniſter from this State.

Venice Sept. 5. *N. S.* The Senate having been inform'd that ſome Diſputes are lately riſen between the Subjects of this State, and the Turks on the Frontiers, they have reſolv'd to ſend two Perſons of their own Body into the Levant, in order to inquire into the Grounds of their Differences, and endeavour to adjuſt them. Our Letters of the Twenty-fifth paſt, from Naples, adviſe, that the Confederate Squadron, conſiſting of four Britiſh, and two Dutch Men of War, appointed to Convoy ſome Tartans, laden with Powder and other Warlike Stores for his Catholick Majeſty's Service in Spain, was to ſail the Day following to Leghorn, and proceed from thence to Barcelona. A Britiſh Privateer call'd the Diligence, is put into Naples, after a Cruiſe of nine Months, during which time he has taken one and twenty Prizes. Prince Hercolani, the Auſtrian Miniſter, is ſet out from hence, on his own private Affairs, for the Bologneſe, he having an Eſtate in that Country. They write from Rome, that it was thought the Promotion of Cardinals, which has been ſo long expected, and is earneſtly ſollicited by the French, will ſtill be deferr'd 'till the Month of November.

Hamburgh, Sept. 15. *N. S.* They write from Pomerania, that the Suedes who lay entrench'd under the Cannon of Stralſund, retir'd into that Fortreſs, upon the Approach of the Daniſh and Saxon Army, having firſt ſent their Horſes, being Five thouſand in number, into the Iſle of Rugen. The Garriſon of Stralſund is ſaid to conſiſt of Eight thouſand Men, and is plentifully furniſh'd with every thing neceſſary for a long Defence. King Staniſlaus, who propos'd to remove into the Iſland of Schonen, has alter'd his Deſign, upon an apprehenſion, that the Paſſage thither, wou'd be ſomething dangerous, on account of the Daniſh Fleet, and is likewiſe retir'd into Rugen. The Daniſh Admiral Count Guldenliew, having receiv'd Intelligence, that the Suedes were preparing to make a Deſcent, either on Zeland or Jutland, has diſappointed them, by Bombarding the City of Malmogen in Schonen, but without doing any other Damage, than deſtroying the Veſſels intended for the Deſcent, by which means, he has made them unable to put that Deſign in Execution. The Daniſh Artillery is arriv'd at Bukou near Roſtock, where they are landing it with great Diligence, in order to ſend it from thence to the Army in Pomerania. The Sickneſs being conſiderably abated at Copenhagen, the Miniſter of Denmark reſiding here, has been directed to ſend no more Surgeons thither. Though the Suedes have been very induſtrious to keep the Infection out of their Dominions, it is reported here with great Aſſurance, that it begins to appear in Schonen. The King of Poland has ſent for Commiſſaries out of Saxony, who will be directed to regulate the Contributions in Pomerania, on the ſame Foot, that they were demanded by the Suedes, whilſt they were in that Electorate.

Hague, Sept. 18. *N. S.* On Monday laſt, the States-General receiv'd an Expreſs from the Army, adviſing, that the Garriſon of Bouchain having been refus'd a Capitulation, which they at firſt inſiſted upon, agreed to Surrender themſelves Priſoners of War; which they accordingly did on the Fourteenth; and we hear they are to be Conducted into this Country. Yeſterday the Earl of Albemarle arriv'd here from the Duke of Marlborough, being ſent by his Grace to concert with the States-General what is farther to be done before the Concluſion of the Campaign. His Lordſhip having been in Conference with the Penſionary, and in the Aſſembly of the States, will return on the Twentieth to the Army near Bouchain; for the Reduction of which Place, publick Rejoycings have been obſerved here, by Order of the States. The French being under ſome Apprehenſions for Queſnoy and Maubeuge, have deſtroy'd all the Forrage that was near thoſe two Places, as well as that in the Neighbourhood of Cambray, and from thence as far as St. Quintin. They have likewiſe order'd all the Cattle in the open Country to be remov'd into the Towns, with an Intention to deprive the Allies of all means of Subſiſtance in thoſe Parts: Whereupon the States have directed a great Quantity of dry Forrage to be ſent towards Flanders. Our Letters of the Twelfth from Leewarden adviſe, that the States of Frize have already conferr'd on the young Prince of that Name, all the Honours and Employments his Father enjoy'd among 'em; and it is not doubted but the ſame will be done by the Province of Guelderland. We have at length receiv'd Letters from the Muſcovite Army, confirming the Peace with the Turks,

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